DISCUSSING MILITARY AFFAIRS.

Important Facts in Regard to Funds Come

to Light.

of the House to discuss the various mili-

way. The latter presided over the meeting in the absence of General Bendheim, the

egiment, Colonel Baker of the Sec

Lieutenant-Colonel Philips of the First

Colonel Nalle of the Third, Colonel Nash

of the Fourth, and Colonel Jones of the First regiment were questioned as to their

views on the different measures, and it appeared that they were rather divided

in Captain Binford, Mr. Cooke, Mr. Wil-

colonel lowes declared that he was in favor of having commissions of officers expire at the end of five years. He was also in favor of increasing the staff of the Governor by the appointment of a judge-advocate and an inspector of rife practice. He also advocated the introduction of rifle practice and encampments into the service of the Virginia Volunteers. When asked by Colonel Gibson, Colonel Jones

service of the Virginia Volunteers. When asked by Colonel Gibson, Colonel Jones stated that in his opinion the expenses of the office of the adjutant-general should be paid out of the general fund.

General Anderson made a brief explanation in opposition to the statements made by Colonel Gibson, and the committee toose without taking any action on the

rose without taking any action on the

Lunch for the Council.

The ladies of the several Episcopal churches have arranged to furnish a

Edward S. Napler.

Mr. John S. Walters, an old and well-known shoemaker of this city, died yesterday merning at his residence, No. 1914 cast Franklin street; aged sixty-three years. Mr. Walters was a native of Eng-

land, but had resided in Richmond for

will take place from the First Baptist

Mrs. No ie Pearman,

Mrs, Nellie Pearman, formerly a Miss Allen, and wife of Mr. John L. Pearman, died at her husband's residence, No. 8i8

north Twenty-seventh street yesterday at noon. She was a member of East-End

Raptist church. She leaves two children

and many friends to mourn their loss.

bruch at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

A. M. Wednesday.

on the various subjects.

SOCIOLOGICAL THOUGHT.

SOME INTERESTING DATA IN A SER-MON-FACTS AND PIGURES.

other Church News of January's Last Sabbath Day-The Episcopal Convention Meets to Elect a Bishep Wednesday.

Now is the time for the consideration of the sort of warnings voiced by the Rev. Y. Downman, from the pulpit on Sunorning. In these days of feverish when labor troubles are constantly creaking out here and there, as the sepaation of lines of aristocratic foundation, the Soul." com the large masses of working people grow more distinct each day, it may be sell to stop and consider the question of what is the best means to bring the asle people into closer touch with each

on must be used as the great lever rang about a more democratic spirit will probably commence to-morrow evening among the people. He voices the of repeated warning, that the very poor

in and among the people. He volces the old repeated warning, that the very poor people are gradually drifting away from the church-going and connequently are growing more restless and depressed.

He took for his text Epheslans v., 23: Christ is the head of the church; Christ also loved the church and gave himself for R.

I want to bring before my hearers conclining of the Divine nature and origin of the church. I want to ask why is today the church's weakness so apparent, why has she lost so much of her power and influence over the masses, and if the path of duty. And in the outset let me path of other, will some day meet and form be tween themselves a bond of such a char that if it breaks, it is like the going out of the life of one or the other, is to ake for the time being a desert, and to

scellent health, never railied from the low and in ten days they were together death: the cause was given as that session.

a broken heart.

Now I am not telling you anything moval of

ew when I say that in our day there is tendency among many to separate hrist from the church. You hear it said ometimes by people, "Ch, yes, I believe in Christ, but not in the church, I can to Christ, but not in the church. I can be saved without being a member of the church." It is necessary to believe in Christ, men gay, to be saved, but it it not necessary to be a member of the church. Now there is no such separation as this of Christ from his church, either in Scripture

sales forty-four towns believed to be allows the average were carefully can-vassed and it was found that but 44 per-cent of the population called themselves churchgoers. Five counties in New York were canvassed, and those reporting themselves non-attendants were about same as in the New England States I the same thing was found to be true cities which have been investigated i various States are fairly representativ of the whole country, we may infer tha pre in the United States, more than 32,100,006, never attend any church service. New close and trareful observation
that it is upon the working people renerally speaking that the church has
lost its hold. Go into any of the churches
of our large cities on Sunday morning. and we find lawyers, physicians, and business men generally, out how few workingmen are to be found-how few of the

The extremes here are not as great as they are elsewhere, but still there is cause for considering it even here, and this condition of things in the country at large will be such as to be felt scriously by us as well as by others. Says the "New Era," "The Massachusetts Congregational Church Association sent out abor leaders to find out the causes of the absence of the working people from church. Many did not reply at all, many sent short refusals to reply, others returned lank circulars. Most of those which did reply expressed the opinion that the working people had been allenative the church and of from the church; that the church and the people who attended them were opregions of the poor. At a labor meeting in one of the large cities, the name f Jesus Christ was applanded and cheered, and the name of the church hissed. We we all know that this disregard for and antipathy to the church is utter-ly without cause. The church to-day is doing more for the poor than any other dual nets of benevolence are almos tone by men and women who belong to the church. But we cannot shut our to the church. But we cannot shut our eyes to the fact that the church is to a great extent responsible for the alienation of people, and especially working leople from her. Let us be honest with curselves; let us face the truth. The whole trouble is sociological. That is to say, that the world has reached that state when people are divided into two sreat bodies, the rich and the poor, the classes and the masses."

Then he went to the heart of his subject Then he went to the heart of his subject by showing how such conditions had arisen. Space does not permit to print the whole sermon, but those present will not forget the sermon. He closed with an eloquent appeal to his people to go among the working people, and to let them know that he wanted every working man to feel that he was always welcome at All Saints' Church.

Church Notes.

The afternoon Bible reading and nightly which have been in progress for the past ex, will continue at least until to-trow. "To You, Oh Men, I Call" was subject of a very powerful sermon Dr. Hoge Sunday morning. In the merrow. "To You, Oh Men, I Call" was the subject of a very powerful sermon by Dr. Hoge Sunday morting. In the course of his sermon he said that it is a great comfort to believers and a decided rebuse to skeptica and free-thinkers two plume themselves on their lotty. intellects, and think the plan of salva-lon too simple for their advanced thought

of St. James Methodist church, is making a fine impression and preaching with fine force and spirit. Large congregations are attracted to hear him, and the church is a growing one. A revival service will commence at this church to-morrow night.

Sunday was a notable day at Grove-Avenue Baptist church. Notwithstanding the ice-bound condition of the payements the ice-bound condition of the pavements a very large congregation greeted the paster at the morning service. Dr. Hiden preached on II. Kings, fifth chapter, tweifth verne... "The Healing of Nasman." At the Lord's Supper the right hand of fellowship was given to two new members. In the afternoon the annual church conference was held, at which several of the members made agreest and inspirof the members made earnest and inspir-ing talks. At night Dr. Hiden preached from Mark, eighth chapter, thirty-sixth and thirty-seventh verses.—"The Value of

Protracted Services.

Rev. Dr. Sledd preached two sermon Sunday preparatory to the opening of a protracted service this week, if the cirumstances are propitious. Much interer the duty of members of the church, and it is thought that the revival spirit per-vades the congregation. Nightly services

Next Sunday Rev. J. S. Dill, pastor of

They Give Hearing to Several Delegations and Consider an Election Bill.

The Senate Committee on Elections me rob existence of pleasure. Surely that yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock in the is and must ever remain.

The Apostle knew of no higher love than Senate Chamber. Several parties were The Apostic knew of no higher love than this. I once knew of an old couple, and parhaps some of you also knew them, who had passed more than three score sears together. Their love was of that county, and two large delegations were present from Warwick county, one asking for the removal of the old board, and the other for their retention. The committee gave them all patient hearing, and then made its decisions in executive and then made its decisions in executive

The Warwick delegation desiring the removal of the old board claimed that said board was a factional one and dominated the polities of the county in opposition to any candidate not in train with that fac-tion, and that they did not give satis-faction to the majority of the Democratic party. The delegation in favor of the old board laid great stress on the fact that since its appointment judges had been placed at the poils that always insured the election of the Democratic candidates, whereas before it was a "black county."

A number of speeches were made on each side and so much feeling was ex-

his faith in the fact that his faith two him to union with the church. Sut this separation of Christ from the rich in the minds and actions of the his ea widespread that there must be cause for it. In the book referred there are many interest of the country in the minds and actions of the country in the cause for it. In the book referred to all parties.

The Stubbs resolution was next taken up. This resolution, which has already been published, instructs the committee to rethor of amending the election laws of Virginia by abolishing the electoral boards and now imposed on said boards.

Senator Jones moved to return the resolution to the Senate with the report that they deem it (nexpedient at this time for Jackson was the only discenting voice. A Populist Election Bill.

The election bill introduced by Mr. Jackson was the next matter considered. The principal features of the bill are the provisions placing the appointment of the judges of election in the hands of the supervisors instead of the elector-al boards, and the admittance to the room where the election is held of two representatives of each party immediately

under the present conditions of public sentiment could not be brought to pun-ishment or corrected. Mr. Allen proved himself a ready speaker and had a prompt reply for every question. The entire discussion was conducted in good umor and he received a fair hearing. mention of some in surrounding counties.

Mr. De Jarnette, of Halifax, took up the cudgels in defence of his county, which adjoins Mecklenburg, and poked consid-

erable fun at the Populist delegate. He said the only men in Hallfax had ever been charged with cheating in elections had gone over to the Populist party, and that the only two pre-cincts in the county in which fraud was charged in the last election adjoined the county of Mecklenburg and were presided over by Populist judges. The committee agreed to report the bill back to the Senate with the recommendation that

having reported a compromise, the mat-ter was passed by for the present. The electoral board for Prince Edward counto recommended by Senator Southall was appointed.

Pickett Camp.

At the regular meeting of Pickett Camp last night the following applicants were elected: Thomas Byrns, Purcell Battery; William R. Atkinson, Fifteenth Virginia Infantry; contributing member, E. C. Gar-

The Ladies' Auxiliary Corps notified the camp that they would hold a meeting pext Monday to transact some very im portant business. The members were requested to notify their ladies. Covernor were invited to attend ladies' night of the

fickets printed for admission to the ladies' night entertainments. The camp agreed to attend a sermon by Tudor on the second Sunday in sech. The Richmond Light Infantry March. Blues will be asked to escort the camp. Bishop J. C. Granberry will be invited to give the camp a lecture.

In the City Circuit Court yesterday H.

Chancery Court.

that the truly great men of the world.

men who had opened ways for the indelect of the world to move in, rested
their hopes on this same simple plan of
salvation through faith in Christ. In the
afternoon the Doctor delivered a sermon
on "The Church in the House."

Rev. James W. Moore, the new pastor

The charge to the new quarters
will be made.

WHO KILLED JENKINS?

THOSE WHO KNOW WILL NOT AN-SWER; OR WAS IT MURDER?

The Matter is Still Shrouded in Mystery, but the Bellef is Growing That His Death Was Purely Accidental.

An extraordinary spectacle is presented in the treatment of the press and the public, its hearers, by the officials in charge of the prosecution of the supposed murderers of Solomon Jenkins. "Who killed Solomon Jenkins," is now a standing joke all over the city. Who killed him and what killed are the two questions those who know will not answer. If the suicide theory is true, why is it that Lizzie Walters and Virgil Wae putting him out of the way, how will it butting him out of the way.

Injure the case against them to have the facts known? These are queries that Commonwealth's Attorney Sands and his associates can answer, but will not.

The grading and paving of the alley between Moshy and Pickett streets, north of Clay street, was referred to the Council.

Drs. Chalkley and Kuyk have definitely settled all doubt as to the character of the poison which ended Jenkins life. But they are not allowed to talk. Why this secrecy? When two such physicians, who are undoubtedly experts, are given charge of an affair of this kind it is not reasonable to suppose that they have given their whole time, or as much of it as possible, to arriving at the nature It is a pretty well established fact that it as possible, to arriving at the nature of a poison. It is understood that Mr. Sands has stated that the name will not be made known until after the open-ing of the trial of Walton and Walters. This may be all right; we must cough

Jenkins made the policy, is a man about forly years of age. He does not look as though he had ever failed in anythins. but he did, nevertheless, and when he made an assignment last September he said to the creditors that that policy was worth more than all his other assets; that the cost of keeping it up would net them enough to pay his full indebeted-ness. Now he laughs at their failure to take his advice.

The Policy.

On all sides are heard expressions of Mr. Peter Paul's wonderful juck, A man's death, under ordinary circumstances, does not seem a good thing to grow jolly over, but the features of this control of the second of particular case render it extremely un-pleasant, Mr. Paul does not like it, for there are dark lines under his eyes from the worry of frequent interviews with

nevered with the case.

Dr. F. W. Hegeman, the druggist on the corner of Seventeenth and Broad streets, has been erromacously featured in connection with this matter. He says the connection with this matter. that the statement recently defect that Jenkins procured medicine from his store the day before his death was manufactured out of the whole cloth. That Messrs. Sands and Jewell called That Messrs. Sands and Jewell called on him and that he went over all of the prescriptions filled on the day mentioned with them, and that he conclusively proved to them that no medicines compounded into prescriptions that day could have had the effects noticeable in connection with Jenkin's death.

Dr. Chalkiev, who has given more at

Dr. Chalkley, who has given more at-tention to the analysis of this poor fel-low's stomach and head than to any four previous cases, has been worried until he is nearly blind, trying to eatch the queer ideas of numerous reporters and adapt them to an intelligent understanding of the facts. He is like tem-pered steel, sharpened through, and they

analysis has not yet been completed. Dr. Chalkiev will not go. His professional courtesy holds him there. We know that Jenkins was poisoned and the character of the poison was such that its effects appeared slowly. That poison was an irappeared slowly. That noison was an irritant, but not of a mineral character.

Are we considering the most ingeniously constructed attempt to kill a man yet conceived, or are we fussing with a "tempest in a tea-pot." Mr. Sands will tell you.

Lizzie in Jall.

Laura Jean Libbey's novel of novels, She is still ignorant of the fact that he

No answer came from the absorbed

side glance of the eye.

I tried a number of questions, but all her trouble. to no avail, Lizzie was too deeply in-terested in the tragle parting of some carl's son with his milkmaid aweetheart heed me, so I left het perusing her

Walton also refused to talk; he does not chewing of tobacco and the ..."ing of his mustache.

Mr. Robert Bennett, at whose house the murdered man visited, corrects the the murdered man visited, corrects the report that he had any knowledge of Jenkins' acquaintance with the alleged mur-deress; indeed, he never had the slightest intimation until after the death of Jen-kins but that he was a moral man in every way, and says that had he known of his connection with the Walters woman, Jenkins could never have dark-

The same may be said of the entire family, the first suspicions of his immoral associations having come to them through Mr. Snead after his death.

COMMITTEES AT WORK,

Bil's Recomm nded by the Committee on Roads and Interna Navigation. The Committee on Roads and Internal

Navigation met in the room of the Southern Historical Society yesterday with Mr. Ryan in the chair. The commitee decided to report favorably the Senate bill which amends the act incorporating the Chesapeake, Fredericksburg and Western Railroad Company.

The same action was taken in regard to the bill which seeks to amend the charter the Pitts Valley Railroad and Iron Company. The committee acted in like manne

regard to the following House bills: orporate the Rounoke and Northern Railroad Company, to incorporate the Penington Gap Railroad Company, to incorporate the Culpeper, Rappahannock and Madison Railroad Company, to incorpo-rate the Mineral Branches Railroad Company, to require railroad or steamboat companies to be chartered hereafter, or which desire to secure amendments to their charters, to transport free of charge within the State members of the General The subcommittee of the Library Com-Assembly.

The subcommittee of the Library Committee, appointed to audit the accounts of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, held a session in the hall of the House of Delegates yesterday afternoon. There were present Senator Sands, and Mesers. Downing and Logan, of the House, while Mr. Charles Poindexter, the former librarian, acted as secretary. Courts of Justice.

That committee met yesterday morning in the room over the Court of Appeals and considered a number of local bills of minor importance. In the afternoon

committee met again and took up Mr. Camm Patteson's bill, which provides for the organization of an immigration society, which intends to encourage immigration into the State and to promote the sale of land, The bill, which has been published in detail in The Times, was discussed at some length, and Mr. Patteson finally added a section to the bill which provides that commissions on the sale of lands under the act shall not be over five per cent, and no charge will be made unless Committee on Militia and Police was cailed immediately after the adjournment cent. and no charge will be made unless the land is sold. All parties shall have the right to withdraw their lands from the company after twelve months, without from time to time by Colonel Gibson, of Culpeper. The discussion was a rather spicy one, and several lively tilts took place between Colonel Gibson, General Anderson, Colonel Stern, and Mr. Hathaway. The latter presided ever the meeting e, except for a reasonable advertise-to be agreed upon by contract at charge. the time when the land is placed with the

STREET IMPROVEMENTS.

Regular Session of the Committee, but Very Little Business Transacted,

The Committee on Streets held its monthly meeting in the Hustings Court room yesterday afternoon. Chairman Curtis and Messrs. Allen, Bahen, Brauer, Joseph W. Carter, Gray, Thomas, and

the Council to pave the alley between Clay and Gilmer and Graham and

The committee also decided, upon the request of the Randolph-Street Baptist church, to recommend to the Council the construction of a sewer on Beverly street, 150 feet west of Randolph street, thence south along Randolph to Ashland ewer already in existence.

A number of petitions for the laying last report of the adjutant-general he noticed that the sum of \$5,500 had been resewer already in existence

of sidewalks and similar improvements were referred to the proper authorities The committee expected that the City Attorney would submit an ordinance calling for a law of betterments. That gentleman not being present, he was sent for, and on his arrival stated that he had for, and on his arrival stated that he had not yet been able to draw up the paper in a satisfactory manner. He was given time to do so until the next meeting of the committee, on motion of Captain Curtis. A motion made by Mr. Carter to lay the whole matter on the table had previously been defeated.

Other Committees. The Committee on Schools was called to meet in the Council Chamber last evening, at 6 o'clock, but no business could be transacted, Mr. A. D. Lander-kin being the only member present. The Committee on Claims and Salaries, which was to have met half an hour

later, fared the same way, Captain Reeve and Mr. Moore being the only members counts met with every hand on deck in

the Council Chamber last evening, at 6 o'clock and ordered the usual number of

HE WROTE HER LETTERS,

in Pittsburg.

Detective Louis Adams arrived in the city yesterday morning for the purpose of taking W. C. Evans back to Pittsburg. where he is wanted on a very serious charge. As soon as the necessary papers arrive Evans will be immediately taken rom the Second police station, where he

Justice Crutchfield in the Police Court yesterday morning. Detective Adams asked

Lizzie Walters spent a very pleasant day in jail yesterday. She had gotten, through the kindness of friends, several cheap novels, which she studiously read to kill time. Lizzie was not in a very talkative frame of mind or else she found her novel unusually interesting, for whenever I tried to get her to talk about Jenkins, she shut up like a clam and immediately became intensely absorbed in Laura Jean Libbey's novel of novels,

"Lovers Once but Strangers Now."

"If you will tell me how long it has been since you have seen your husband of will bring you a real nice book." I will bring you a real nice book." I "Your husband will be here to-day," I next ventured.

"Will he?" was the laconic answer, with a side glance of the eye.

I tried a number of the eye.

Miss Crith's family are said to move in

Henrico Circuit Court. Things were very quiet in the Henrico

Circuit Court yesterday. The case of the Commonwealth against Ananias White was brought up before lustice Vincent and was postponed until

rocks at the house of Moscoe Vessells was before Justice Lewis. Bond was required of the accused for six months. The Houseman case will come up to-

The case of Allen Smith for throwing

WALTERS.—Died, at his late residence, No. 1914 east Franklin street, January 29, 1894, JOHN S. WALTERS; aged sixty-three years. S. WALTERS; aged Funeral from the First Baptist church (Broad street) TO-DAY (Tuesday) at 2 P. M.

Thalhimer Bros.

ONLY THREE DAYS LEFT

Great Mark-Down and Dissolution Sale, MONDAY, TUESDAY, and WEDNESDAY

SOME RARE BARGAINS.

The great FLANNEL UNDERWEAR SALE still open. You need them. This cold weather it will pay you to call and see them. Ladies' and Men's White, Gray, and Red Flannel Shirts and Fants at 25 and 31-were \$1. \$1.50. and \$2. Children's White, Gray and Red Shirts and Pants at 25 and 51-were \$0. \$1.50. and \$2. Children's White, Gray and Red Shirts and Pants at 25 and 51-were 26. \$1.50. and \$2. Children's White and Colored Embroideries at half price. 1.500 yards Torchon, Valenties and other Laces at half price. See them on center counters in store.

Ciennes and other Laces at half price. See them on center counters in store.

One lot of 51 Ladies' India surfaced Heavy Gossamers that were \$2.50, \$2. and \$1.50. and \$2. all go at \$1.50 a piece. One lot of 25 Ladies' Cloth-Faced Heavy Gossamers that were \$1. \$1.50, and \$3. all go at \$1.50 a piece.

We are still giving away our Blankets, Quilts, Portieres, Chenille Covers and Shawis at and below cost. If you need any see our line.

Spieces Plaid and Striped Ginghams and Searsuckers—uitable for boy's wear—Dresses and Aprons, worth Sige. Our price for this sale only 50 per yard. 10 pieces the Finest Scotch and Aprons, worth Sige. Our price for this sale only 50 per yard. 10 pieces of Zephyr Ginghams, the regular 20 grade, our price only 1620, per yard. 10 pieces of Zephyr Ginghams, the regular 20 grade, our price only 1620, per yard. 10 pieces of Zephyr Ginghams, the regular 20 grade, our price only 1620, per yard. 10 pieces of Zephyr Ginghams, the regular 20 grade, our price only 1620, per yard. 10 pieces of Zephyr Ginghams and 20 grade, our price only 1620, per yard. 20 pieces with Finest Scotch and Aprons. Were \$1 a pair.

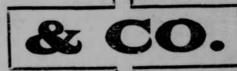
50 pairs at 60c., were 81 a pair.

55 pairs at 81.00, were \$2.50 and \$2 a pair.

55 pair real Lace and Irish Point Curtains at \$2.50, \$5, \$7.50, and \$10, worth double money. the money CLOAKS! CLOAKS: We are rounding up on our stock of Winter Clooks, and give our customers another opportunity to get a bargain. All our \$25, \$25, \$15, and \$12.00 Closks go at \$10 and \$7.50 a choice. I out fail to see them.

TEMPLE, In view of the fact that all field officers of the four regiments of the State were in the city yesterday, a meeting of the

PEMBERTON, CORDES



7 and 9 West Broad Street.

in Captain Binford, Mr. Cooke, Mr. Wil-lard, and Mr. Hathaway.

Colonel Jones, who represented the views of his officers, thought that the enlarge-ment of the Military Board would add to the efficiency of the Virginia Volun-teers, although he did not cause the im-pression as if he wished to charge any one on the present board with inefficiency. He felt unable, however, to state whether He felt unable, however, to state whether the board should be enlarged by adding the senior officers of the different boards ADVERTISEMENT to the public, we deor the commandants of organized regi-ments, or both. He also took the ground that the military fund should be handled sire to say it is and will be ever our aim In business to keep only the BEST QUAL-When questioned by Colonel Gibson, Colonel Jones stated that the commandants of regiments had a good many expenses and had to give a good deal of care and time to their commands. He himself visited his armory five or six times every week. As to the duties of the adjutant-general and those of the colone of a regiment, he did not care to draw any comparison. The brigadier-general was the only line officer on the Military Board. ITY OF GOODS in every line, and to sell ings.

Colored Wash Goods.

the only line officer on the Military Board, and the others were staff officers. In the Best grades of 121-2c. Dress Ginghams served from the annual appropriation for general expenses. Although he had fre-quently asked for an account for his regi-Fine Pankhill Zephyrs, qualities that sold last year for 162-3c., you can buy now in all new patterns at 121-2c. per had been unable to secure the

yard. 4-4 Printed English Cambric and Percale, in a very large variety of new pat-terns and colorings. These are the goods that give so much satisfaction in wash and wear. Our price is only 121-2c. per

ment, he had been unable to secure the same during the past fifteen years.
Colonel Gibson tried to bring out that the books of the adjutant-general's office had been kept in very had order, but Colonel Jones could only say that he had been charged with \$2.00 for tents which in fact were State property, and only in charge of the First regiment, from where they were shipped upon proper order to tiful designs and colors, 121-2c, per yard. Fine Irish Dimities, in white and colored grounds. In this fabric we show the they were shipped upon proper order to any part of the State. Another time he had been charged with \$1,700 for arms which he never received. On another largest line that has ever come to Ri mond. All new styles and colors at 25 and 371-2c, per yard. Best grades of Scotch Ginghams, beautiful fine qualities and colors that give absolute satisfaction in wear and wash.

French Organdies.

All the new things in both Plain and Figured Organdics. We had the first choice of the newest importations in the above popular fabric. All artistic pat-terns, that must be seen to be appreciated. Printed Duck in a variety of patterns, at 121-2c. per yard.

White Goods. White Goods.

India Linen, Luiar de Dana, Persian Lawn, Indian Dimity, English Cambrid Lawn, Indian Dimity, English Cambrie and Nainsook, French Organdie and Nainsook, French Organdie and Nainsook, Plaid and Checked Muslin, Linen Lawns, 5-4 and 4-4; Linen Cambrie, Mulls, and a large variety of everything that goes to make a complete WHITE GOODS DEPARTMENT. Laces and Embroideries.

This is a department that we have de-Paul's church. This will prove a convenience to the delegates, and at the same time enable the housekerpers to attend the council and hear the debates relating

We start the line with a large assortment of beautiful, dainty patterns in a variety of widths, all worked on fine Nainsook, at the very low price of fc.

At 61-4c, and 81-3c, we have a line of finer and wider Edges and Insertings—such goods as you have been paying 131.0

and 15c. for.

At 15, 121-2, and 15c. you can buy the choice of an immense line of Edges and Insertings, every one of which is a bar-

Mr. Edward S. Napier, a well-known painter, residing at 196 west Clay street, died yesterday after a brief illness.

The deceased was a member of the Richmond Light Infantry Blues outing the war, and was very popular among many acquaintances. His familiar figure as a devotee of fishing and hunting will be missed by those fond of such From these prices we have them up to the best and finest imported.

Black and White Silk Laces, suitable for trimming wool and Silk dresses, in every variety of design, all the best things of both foreign and domestic mak-

In Fancy, White, and Black Laces, don't buy before seeing our line, as we have all the new noveltles that will be used this little money it takes to get really hand-some Laces,

IMITATION VAL. AND PLAT VAL. thirty-nine years, and was held in high esteem by all who knew him. His funeral LACE AND INSERTING. Real Laces, Valenciennes and Dutches:

Luces ranging in price from 25c, to \$20 REAL LACE PIECES-Handkerchiefs, Shawls, and Poirts-renging in price from \$1.50 to \$300.

SILKS! SILKS!

Black and Colored Gros Grain Satin, Moire Procade Crepe.

of the above has had the undivided atten-tion of one of Richmond's best and oldest buyers, and every satisfaction is guaran teed in regard to variety, quality, and

Black Goods.

Here you can find everything that goes to make the department complete. Our Mr. Pemberton, who for many years has devoted his entire attention to this par-ticular line, has secured a beautiful assortment of everything desirable, both in | and NOTIONS that we have not mentionplain and fancy fabrics.

Veilings. Veilings.

Ribbons. Ribbons.

Moire, Satin, and Gros Grain, in black, white, and all the staple and fancy color-

This is a department that is in charge of a very experienced lady, who will fit on all Gloves. We keep every variety and style of all the good things in both Kid and Fabric Gloves, ranging from the cheapest cotton to the finest kids.

Ask to see our Novelty Kid Gloves. Shades and colorings seen for the first time in Richmond.

Infants' Wear Department.

We have opened the above department at the earnest request of a great number of our friends, and shall keep complete lines of White Dresses, Ginghams, Dress Slips, Long Dresses, Short and Long Skirts, Pantelettes, Drawers, Cloaks, Long and Short Bands, Vests, Flannel Skirts, and everything to make the department

Muslin Caps, Cashmers Caps, Blouse Waists, Reefers, Diapers, Cotton and Rub-ber Diaper Cloth, Rubber, Cotton, and

Ladies' Muslin Underwear.

Gowns, Skirts, Drawers, Chemise, Wrap-pers, in a large range of prices and quali-ties. We have bought only from the best makers, and can guarantee both fit and quality. As to prices, we can only say you will be perfectly satisfied. Ladies' Waterproofs in both single and double texture makes. Hosiery. Hosiery.

In view of the many complaints made n regard to the bad wear of a great deal of the stockings sold, we have secured a

carries stockings soud, we have secured a exclusive line of Stockings and Socks that cannot but give satisfaction. We have Lafles' Goods in black, colored, and fancy effects, in plain and fancy ribbed, drop stitch, and fancy open work.

Children's Socks and Hose in ribbed and plain, in all the popular prices and only the best goods. Notions and Small Wear

stices as will please you. In this department, as in all others, we are satisfied with a small profit, and you will find everything at your own price.

Quilts. Quilts.

Marseilles, Satin, Crochet, and the old-We start the Margeilles at \$1.50 and end Crocket Quilts from 75c. to \$1.75. Dimity at \$1 and \$1.25.

Blankets and Comforts from the cheap-Corsets.

All the popular lines, C. B., P. D., Thompson's Glove-Fitting, Warner's, R. H., Ladies' and Children's Waists—in fact,

Colored Dress Goods.

We have outside of the staples a comthat was new or desirable in the northern market, and have marked them at prices that will make them sell. Our novelties, we buy only one pattern of a style, so you will have the satisfaction of owning the only dress of the kind in Richmond of the pattern you may select.

Trimmings.

Evening Suks in every conceivable shade and coloring.

One word we have to say in regard to our SILK DEPARTMENT. The buying of the above has bed the

Cloaks and Spring Wraps.

We have now in the makers' hands an order for new Spring Wraps, and he has guaranteed to deliver them to us soon. We then will be in a position to show you all the new effects in Cares and Cloaks all the new effects in Car in both colored and black.

We have many lines of DRY GOODS ed in this advertisement, every one of which is complete in itself and under the The demand for Veilings, both plain and fancy, has grown to such dimensions that we have made a separate VEILING DE-PARTMENT. Our assortment of Veilings must be seen to be appreciated. If you need a Veil come and see us. We have them in every variety, separate and by the yard.

TEMPLE, PEMBERTON, CORDES & COMPANY.

IT IS

The Createst Bargain Yet Offered !

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